The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 2263

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22. 1742.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Flanders.

Constantinople, August 20.

SEVERAL extraordinary Divans have been lately assembled, to very little or no purpose, a Spirit of Dissention reigning at present among our Statesmen, which hinders them from agreeing in any thing, except their Endeavours to ruin each other. At present there are three Parties, pretty equal in Strength, and headed each of them by a Favourite of the Grand Signior. The first of these, which is said to be favour'd by the Prime Minister, are for a War with Persia; and the second, headed as it is said by Basha Bonneval, incline to take the Advantage of the Distractions reigning at present in Europe, and to attempt the rejoining Buda as well as Belgrade to the Ottoman Empire. The third declare against all Conquests, and are for making a general Reform in the Empire, in order to quiet the Minds of the People, and restore the Reputation of the Government. At the Head of these is the Mufti. Towards the latter End of July last, the Grand Signior went to walk in the Neighbourhood of the Village of Belgrade, and the English Ambassador Mr. Faulkner being there, took that Opportunity of sending a Present of Sweetmeats, Fruits, and other Refreshments, to his Highness, who received them very graciously, and made a considerable Present to the Interpreter. His Excellency is in very great Credit at Court, as is also the Hungarian Minister, who not long ago presented the Vizir with Letters from his Court, which were very satisfactory. The Basha of Erzerum endeavouring to reduce Part of the Militia of that Country, which had revolted, was defeated; but after receiving a Supply, fell upon them a second time and beat them; whereupon 6,000 of those Troops thought proper to retire into Persia, where the Shah Nadir has taken them into his Service.

Bologna, Sept. 7. The Austrian Troops continue their March towards Mirandola, and the Piedmontese theirs for their own Country with all imaginable Diligence. A few Days ago a Domestick of an Officer of Distinction in the Spanish Army, who had lodged in the Convent of San Barbarino, after leaving his Master, whether fairly or foully it matters not much which, returned thither, and finding out the Abbot, made a Compliment in the Name of his Master, and desired he would deliver him the Trunks and Effects left in his Custody. The Reverend Father demurr'd; he said he could not part with Things of so great Value on the bare Word of a Servant, and therefore he must bring him some more convincing Proof of his Master's entrusting him with such a Commission. Upon this the Man went away grumbling, but returned in an Hour's time with about 14 Austrian Hussars and Croats, who having this Divining Rod in their Hands easily discovered the Spanish Treasure. It was in a Vault, the Entrance to which was wall'd up, and consisted in 18 large Trunks and three Portmanteaus. The Austrians carried all away to their Camp. The Abbot has made his Complaints to the King of Sardinia and Count Traun, who have referred him to the Court of Vienna. What makes the Misfortune the heavier is, that we are threatened with the Return of the Spaniards into these Parts; and if so, 'tis highly probable the poor Abbot, or at least the Convent, will be compell'd to make it good.

Florence, Sept. 9. Within these three Days we have had 13 Couriers, of which 7 came to the Spanish Minister, 2 to the French, and 1 to the Resident of the King of Great Britain. Their Dispatches have occasioned the holding several great Councils, as also several private Conferences, but as yet we cannot penetrate into what passed in any of them. The true Source of our Uneasiness is the miserable Situation of the Spanish Troops. The Neutrality of the King of the Sicilies has shut them out of his Dominions, and in the Ecclesiastical State it is thought they cannot subsist, so that it looks as if they would be obliged to come hither, and take up their Quarters in this Duchy, whether they will or no. In the mean time this is certain, that a vast Quantity of Baggage, and some Officers of Distinction, take the Road to Leghorn, in order to find a Passage there for Spain. On the 4th of this Month we had a terrible Storm here, which did a great deal of Mischief.

P. S. This Moment a Courier passed thro' in the utmost Hurry for the Camp of the Duke de Montemar. He was accompanied by an Officer, who carries a Letter de Cachet to that Duke, requiring him to return to Spain; and some imagine that Officer has farther Orders to secure his Person.

Florence, Sept. 11. *N. S.* Yesterday arriv'd an Estafette from M. de Montemar and M. Castellar, with Letters to Prince Craon, to ask Passports for themselves and their Equipages thro' Tuscany, on their Return to Spain. This Morning Advice has been brought by several different Ways, that sudden Orders had been given to the Spanish Army to march, without their great Baggage, towards Lombardy; particularly all the Letters from Rome mention it, and that Cardinal Alexander Albani had dispatch'd a Courier to the King of Sardinia on this Account. It is said the Horse left Perugio the 9th, and arrived the same Evening at Foligno: They are to march towards Loreto or Ancona, and to join the Foot, which takes the Road of the Furlo at Fano or Rimini. This sudden Resolution is supposed to have been taken on the Notice that M. de Glimes had penetrated into Savoy, which the Court of Spain supposes will draw all the King of Sardinia's Troops that Way; in which Case the Spanish Troops, in the Pope's State, will be sufficient to oppose those of the Queen commanded by Count Traun. An Express has been sent this Afternoon to M. de Traun with these Intelligences, lest he should not be apprized of them any other Way.

Stockholm, Sept. 7. *O. S.* By the last Letters from Finland we hear, that the Swedish Army, which was at Helsingfors, had been obliged to make the following Capitulation with Felt Marshal Count Lacy the Russian General.

That all the Swedish Infantry should embark at Helsingfors; that they should be allowed to take with them their small Arms, and as much Provision as they might have Occasion for in their Voyage, but that their great Magazines and their Artillery should be left behind: That their Horse should be conducted to Abo, where they should be allowed Thirty Days to embark; and such as had not done it in that time, should be obliged to march round the Bothnick Gulph.

[The Swedes having thus evacuated Finland, the Muscovites are now Masters of all that Province, of Carelia, and of the Eastern Bothnia.]

Berlin, Sept. 18. His Majesty set out the Day before Yesterday in the Evening for Breslau, where he will remain some Days, in order to receive the Homage of the States of the Upper Silesia; but in a Month's time we expect he will return hither. As his Majesty has given Orders for a new Field-Equipage to be got ready, we take it for granted that he will make another Campaign this Year; and as Prudence is the Parent and Success the Daughter of all his Majesty's Enterprizes, his Subjects enter with the utmost Confidence into all his Majesty's Views. We are well inform'd here, that a Treaty which has been long negociating, has been lately concluded, between most of the Princes of great Rank in the Empire, for the mutual Guaranty of their Dominions; and it is farther reported, that a Grand Alliance is on the Point of being concluded at the Hague, into which his Polish Majesty and our Sovereign will enter.

Ratisbon, Sept. 20. There has happen'd within these few Days a very smart Engagement between a Detachment of Hungarian Troops and a Piquet of Imperialists, to the Disadvantage of the latter. The grand Body of Hussars commanded by the Generals Splent and Guilany, and by the Colonels Palfi and Mentzel, are march'd to join Baron Trenk, who is said to have defeated and put to the Rout the Vanguard of the Marshal Maillebois' Army. The Marshal Count de Kevenhuller marched the 17th of this Month from the Camp at Platting in order to join Prince Charles, whose Army is 40,000 strong; he is already beyond Chamb. We reckon Count Kevenhuller's Forces about 30,000. The Marshal Maillebois' Army cannot exceed 24,000, and that of the Count de Saxe is not quite 14,000. In the Interim Baron Berenclau commands the Forces in Bavaria. It is very evident that the Upper Palatinate will speedily become the Seat of War, and draw the Attention of all Europe that Way; but that this Scene cannot last long is still more certain, since the Country cannot possibly furnish Subsistance to such Armies even for a few Weeks; and if Marshal Maillebois should be forced to a Battle and beat, there is no Doubt to be made, that the Austrians will follow him beyond the Rhine. The general Opinion here is, that he will endeavour to return with the utmost Expedition, in order to cover Alsace and Lorrain, which are conceiv'd to be in the utmost Danger. His Cavalry are good, but fatigued; his Foot in a miserable Condition, and harrassed off their Legs. He has with him but few Voluntiers of Distinction, except the two Sons of the late Duke of Berwick; and this is a Circumstance which shews that Fighting was not to be his Business. The Imperialists have not, nor is it likely that they will join his Army, unless it be on his Retreat, when it will serve no Purpose to leave them behind.

Hague, Sept. 26. There happened while the Earl of Stair was in England a little Affair here, which has open'd the Eyes of People pretty much. Mr. Trevor presented in that Space a Memorial, whereby he demanded a Passage for the Hanoverian and Hessian Troops through the Pais de la Generalite, in their Way to Flanders. The Marquis de Fenelon took it into his Head to make a Point of this, and to shew his Interest in Holland by engaging the States to refuse this Request; but in spite of all his Industry and all his Skill in Negociation a Passage was granted, and as soon as the Earl of Stair return'd he dispatch'd a Courier with that Order of the States, and Instructions to hasten the March of the Hessian and Hanoverian Troops. Our Advices from Sweden assure us that the French Interest declines there apace, and that the English Party gains Ground, the rather because many of the Swedish Nobility have a great Confidence in the present English Ministry. We are still very much in the dark as to the intended Operations in the Netherlands, for according to all Appearance something of Importance will yet be undertaken. If Marshal Maillebois should be obliged to return after seeing the Loss of Bohemia and Bavaria, might it not be possible to cut off his Retreat? This and twenty such Questions are ask'd here every day, but such as were wont to answer them are either silent or gone out of Town.

HOME PORTS.

Cowes, Sept. 18. Wind E. Since my last sail'd the Globe, Scot, from London for Carolina, the Lawton, Pickering, for Swanzey, the Morning Star, Real, for Fowey, and the Fortune, Woodburn, for Cork. Yesterday came in the St. Jago, Glenn, from London for Africa, 'she is 'very leaky, and the Master imagines he must take out 'her Cargo before she can be put in a Condition to pro-'ceed on her Voyage.

Deal, Sept. 17. Wind E. by N. Arrived the King William, Philips, Royal George, Field, and the Kent, Robson, from East India. Remain his Majesty's Ships Blanford and Shrewsbury, Grampus and Shark Sloops, and the Comet Bomb, with the Outward-bound.

Gravesend, Sept. 20. Passed by the Emanuel, Dirkes, from Stockholm, the Mary, Saunders, from Stetin, the Rebecca, Ecten, from Bremen, and the Catherine, Rowlandson, from Rotterdam.

LONDON.

The King of Poland has sent Orders to all his Generals and Colonels to cause Proclamation to be made at the Head of each Regiment, of the Peace and good Harmony concluded between his Majesty and the Queen of Hungary; whereby it is mutually agreed, that all Hostilities shall cease, that neither Party shall, publickly or privately, directly or indirectly, aid or assist their common Enemies, &c.

It appears by the great military Preparations in Saxony, that as late as it is in the Year they still think of a new Campaign. Some Letters say, that 20,000 of the King's Troops are to enter into the Pay of a certain Crown; others, that in virtue of his late Treaty with the Court of Vienna his Polish Majesty will send 8000 Men into Bohemia.

The last Letters they had at Dresden from General Festitiz's Camp before Prague say, That the Distress of the French Garrison increases daily, they not being able to get any Provisions into the Town, and having made two or three unsuccessful Sallies.

As abundance of Troops daily defile from the Neighbourhood of Vienna into Bohemia, and as they continue to send thither Ammunition and Artillery, it is thought that General Festititz will not only be able to keep the French within the Town, but will be able also to resume the Siege.

The Garison of the Town of Chamb consisted of about 500 Men, but inasmuch as they were Part of the Body which surrender'd at Lintz, Baron Trenk could scarce be perswaded to give them Quarter; they have since addressed themselves to Count Kevenhuller, to desire they may be taken into her Hungarian Majesty's Service, which has been granted.

The Elector Palatine having forbidden the States of the Duchy of Neuberg to pay the Remainder of their Contributions to the Austrians, General Berenclau has lately pass'd thro' that Country with a Body of Hussars and Pandours, who have levied the Sums in dispute without giving the Magistrates any Trouble. As for the Inhabitants of Stadt-am-hoff, finding themselves abandon'd both by the French and Imperial Army and like to fall a third time into the Hands of the Austrians, they have very prudently left their Houses, having nothing else to leave, and are retired elsewhere.

Letters from Hamburgh say, that a Peace is concluded between

between Ruſſia and Sweden, under the Mediation of Great Britain; that the Ruſſians are to keep that Part of Finland of which they are in Poſſeſſion, and the reſt of that Country to remain to the Swedes. This Account however we take to be premature, and that ſuch a Treaty is only in Ngociation.

His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty has been pleaſed to name the celebrated Madame de Mailly, Firſt Lady of the Bedchamber to the future Dauphineſs, with a Salary from the time of her Appointment.

There are conſiderable Wagers laid at the Hague, that the next Advices from Germany will bring the News of Marſhal Maillebois' Retreat.

Capt. Reynolds, of the Griffell, arriv'd here from Jamaica, on the 22d of Auguſt ſpoke with the Leghorn Galley, Hallis, from London for Boſton, in Lat. 44: 30 N. and Long. 31: 42 W. from the Lizard.

Laſt Week Mr. William Roche, A. B. of Jeſus College Cambridge was by the Biſhop of Ely promoted to a Fellowſhip in the ſaid College, lately vacant by the Ceſſion of the Rev. Mr. Ramſden Dodſworth.

Yeſterday Morning died Sir George Caſwall, Knt. Member in the laſt Parliament for Leominſter, and who in the Year 1721 ſerved the Office of Sheriff of this City.

The Right Hon. Sir Charles Wager, Admiral of the Red, is appointed to convoy his Majeſty to Oſtend.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning		Evening	
	04	37	04	55

Bank Stock, Nothing done. Ditto Subſcription, 1 1-half to 3-8ths Prem. India, 170 to 169 1-half. South Sea, 108 1-4th. Old Annuity, 114 1-half to 5-8ths. New ditto, 112 3-4ths to 113. Three per Cent. Annuities, 100 3-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, 107 1-4th. Five per Cent. ditto, 76 1-4th to 3-8ths. Royal Aſſurance, Nothing done. London Aſſurance, Nothing done. India Bonds, 4l. 4s. to 5s. Premium. Bank Circulation, 6l. 7s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies, 102 3-4ths. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 104. Three per Cent. ditto, 98 1-half. Million Bank, Nothing done. Equivalent, 112.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 21, 1742.

IT *is the Direction of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, that all the Men belonging to His Majeſty's Ship the* Lancaſter, *who are abſent from their Duty, do immediately repair on board that Ship at Spithead, on pain of not only loſing their Wages, but of being taken up, and tried at a Court Martial as Deſerters.*

Thomas Corbett.

September 21, 1742.

To the Worthy Liverymen of the City of *London*,

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR *Poll and Intereſt are deſired for*

Sir JOSEPH HANKEY, *Knt.*

Alderman and Haberdaſher.

To be One of the Sheriffs of this City and County of Middleſex for the Year enſuing; He being the Senior Alderman that has not ſerved the ſaid Office, and is every Way qualified for ſo Important a Truſt.

N. B. *He was declared by the Sheriffs to have a Majority of Hands in the Hall.*

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